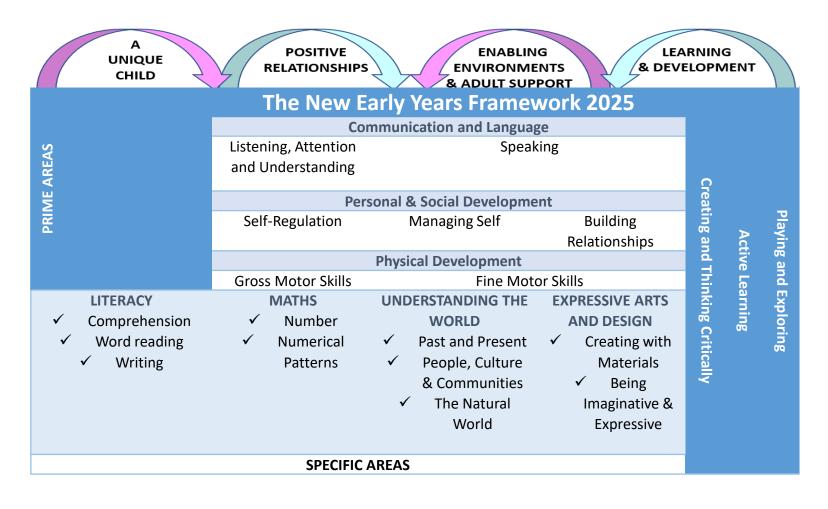




St Mary's Catholic Primary School EYFS Long Term Plan 25-26

Work, Play and Pray together

"We understand and appreciate the importance of the outdoor environment for our children. It is a continuation of our indoor provision and it will be used at every opportunity. At St Mary's, we provide our children with opportunities to develop their gross motor skills, to deepen their imaginations and also their sense of curiosity. We want the children to feel safe and secure at all times and ensure that our safeguarding procedures are rigorous and kept up to date. Communication is important to us and we greatly value the relationship that we develop with parents throughout this vital year."



"Children will have an abundance of opportunities to learn through play. We will ensure that learning will be fun, engaging and we will challenge and support all children wherever their starting point. As an EYFS team and effective role models, we will provide high quality interactions in order to develop and deepen the children's learning opportunities. We will deliver our curriculum through a balance of adult led and child-initiated activities based on the 'EYFS Framework 2025' & children's interests." St. Mary's EYFS Team.



Reception Long Term Plan 25-26



Autumn 1

Autumn 2



Summer 1

Summer 2

General Themes

NB: These themes
may be adapted at
various points to
allow for children's
interests to flow
through the provision
WELL-BEING &
Behaviour For
Learning

All About me!

Starting school / my new class /
New Beginnings
Superheroes
People who help us / Careers
Staying healthy / Food / Human
body
How have I changed?
My family / PSED focus
What am I good at?
How do I make others feel?
Being kind / staying safe

Terrific Tales!

Traditional Tales
Little Red Hen - Harvest
Old favourites
Familiar tales
Library visits
Gingerbread Man
The Nativity
At the Panto
Christmas Lists
Letters to Father Christmas

Amazing Animals!

Life-cycles
Climates / Hibernation
Down on the Farm
Mini Beasts
Safari
Animals around the world
Animal Arts and crafts
Night and day animals
Animal patterns

Come Outside!

Plants & Flowers
Weather / seasons
Does the moon shine?
The great outdoors
Forest School
Planting seeds
Make a sculpture: Andy
Goldsworthy
Reduce, Reuse & Recycle
Fun Science / Materials

Ticket to ride!

Around the Town
How do I get there?
Where in the world have
you been?
Where do we live in the UK
/ world?
Fly me to the moon!
Vehicles past and Present
Design your own transport!
Who was Neil Armstrong?

Fun at the Seaside!

Under the sea
Off on holiday / clothes
Where in the world shall we
go?
Send me a postcard!
Marine life
Fossils – Mary Anning
Seasides in the past
Compare: Now and then!
Seaside art

Possible Texts and 'old favourites'

Owl Babies
Once there were Giants
Stick Man
The Smartest Giant
The Colour Monster
Funny Bones
Giraffes can't dance

The Jolly Postman
Goldilocks
The three Billy Goats Gruff
The Little red hen
The Gingerbread man
Hansel & Gretal
Christmas Story / Nativity
Rama and Sita

The Emperors Egg Aghh Spider! Tiger who came to tea Pig in the Pond Farmer Duck Owl babies The Tiny Seed
Oliver's Vegetables
The Very Hungry Caterpillar
Jack and the Beanstalk
Jasper's Beanstalk
Seasons non fiction
A stroll through the seasons

The Snail and the Whale
Mr. Gumpy's Outing
Handa's surprise
The Train Ride
Bob, The Man on the Moon
Whatever Next?
Aliens in Underpants
How to catch a star

Lighthouse Keeper's Lunch
The Rainbow Fish
Commotion in the ocean
Someone swallowed Stanley
World Atlas
Tiddler
The pirates next door

The night pirates

'Wow' moments

/ Enrichment Weeks

Autumn Trail
Remembrance Day
Nurse / Firefighter visit
Harvest Time
Talent show
World Book Day
Halloween
What do I want to be when I
grow up? Video for parents.

Guy Fawkes / Bonfire Night
Christmas Time / Nativity
Diwali
World Religion Week
Black History Month
Remembrance day
Road Safety
Children in Need
Anti- Bullying Week

Emma's exotic animals
visit
Chinese New Year
LENT
Story Telling Week
Valentine's Day
World Religion Week
Internet Safety Day

Walk to the park / Picnic
Planting seeds
Allotment
Easter time
Weather experiments
Vincent Van Gogh Study
Mother's Day
Science Week
Eater Egg Hunt

Post a letter
Food tasting — different
cultures
Map work - Find the
Treasure
Start of Ramadan
Eid
D-Day

Visit to the beach
Under the Sea – singing
songs and sea shanties
Father's Day
Heathy Eating Week
World Environment Day
Anniversary of the NHS
Pirate Day



| | 🔸 🐧 Autumn 1 | Autumn 2 | Spring 1 | Spring 2 | Summer 1 | Summer 2 |
|--|--|---|--|--|---|---|
| General Themes NB: These themes may be adapted at various points to allow for children's interests to flow through the provision WELL-BEING & Behaviour For Learning | All About me! New beginnings All about me/ my family Babies and mothers New environments Halloween Autumnal changes | Terrific Tales! Traditional Tales Repetitive stories The Nativity Christmas stories Diwali Remembrance day Bonfire night | Amazing Animals! Safari Animals around the world Winter / Arctic Animal patterns Chinese new year Valentines Day | Plants & Flowers Weather / seasons The great outdoors Planting seeds Farm Mini beasts Easter Lent | Around the Town How do I get there? Where in the world have you been? What a wonderful world Vehicles and transport! | Fun at the Seaside! Under the sea Off on holiday / clothes Where in the world shall we go? Send me a postcard! Seaside holidays Pirates |
| Possible Texts and 'old favourites' | Owl Babies Once there were Giants The Colour Monster Goldilocks and the three bears You choose Peepo Monkey Puzzle | The Jolly Christmas Postman Christmas Story / Nativity Rama and Sita The Gingerbread Man The three Billy goats gruff Dear Santa The Christmas Bear We're going on an elf hunt | The Great Race Little Red Riding Hood Dear Zoo Handa's surprise Brown Bear Brown Bear Rumble in the Jungle Polar bear polar bear Doing the animal bop! | Oliver's Vegetables Jasper's Beanstalk The Very Hungry Caterpillar Aghh Spider! Pig in the Pond Farmer Duck The three little pigs What the Ladybird Heard We're going on an egg hunt | The snail and the whale Mr. Gumpy's Outing The Train Ride Whatever next? How to catch a star Non-fiction books diggers | Billy's Bucket Commotion in the ocean Sharing a shell Tiddler The singing mermaid Pirates love underpants 10 little pirates |
| 'Wow' moments / Enrichment Weeks | Autumn Trail Birthdays Favourite Songs Halloween Family photographs | Guy Fawkes / Bonfire Night Christmas Time / Nativity Diwali Remembrance day Road Safety Children in Need | Chinese New Year Valentine's Day | Planting seeds Easter time Mother's Day Eater Egg Hunt World Book day Shrove Tuesday Lent Farm Visit | Food tasting – different cultures Map work - Find the Treasure | Visit to the beach Under the Sea – singing songs and sea shanties World Environment Day Pirate Day Ice – Cream treat |



General

Themes

Over-arching Principles

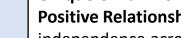
| Autumn 1 | Autumn 2 | Spring 1 | Spring 2 | Summer 1 | Summer 2 |
|---------------|-----------------|------------------|---------------|-----------------|---------------------|
| All About me! | Terrific Tales! | Amazing Animals! | Come Outside! | Ticket to Ride! | Fun at the seaside! |



Characteristics of Effective Learning

Playing and exploring: - Children investigate and experience things, and 'have a go'. Children who actively participate in their own play develop a larger store of information and experiences to draw on which positively supports their learning.

Active learning: - Children concentrate and keep on trying if they encounter difficulties. They are proud of their own achievements. For children to develop into self-regulating, lifelong learners they are required to take ownership, accept challenges and learn persistence. Creating and thinking critically: - Children develop their own ideas and make links between these ideas. They think flexibly and rationally, drawing on previous experiences which help them to solve problems and reach conclusions.



Unique Child: Every child is unique and has the potential to be resilient, capable, confident and self-assured.

Positive Relationships: Children flourish with warm, strong & positive partnerships between all staff and parents/carers. This promotes independence across the EYFS curriculum. Children and practitioners are NOT alone – embrace each community.

Enabling environments: Children learn and develop well in safe and secure environments where routines are established and where adults respond to their individual needs and passions and help them to build upon their learning over time.

Learning and Development: Children develop and learn at different rates. We must be aware of children who need greater support than others.

Over Arching **Principles**

PLAY: At St Mary's School, we understand that children learn best when they are absorbed, interested and active. We understand that active learning involves other children, adults, objects, ideas, stimuli and events that aim to engage and involve children for sustained periods. We believe that Early Years education should be as practical as possible and therefore, we are proud that our EYFS setting has an underlying ethos of 'Learning through play'. PLAY is essential for children's development across all areas. Play builds on children's confidence as they learn to explore, to relate to others around them and develop relationships, set their own goals and solve problems. Children learn by leading their own play and by taking part in play which is guided by adults.

We will ensure that all children learn and develop well and are kept healthy and safe at ALL times.





| W. W. | Autumn 1 | Autumn 2 | Spring 1 | Spring 2 | Summer 1 | Summer 2 |
|--------------------|---|---|---|---|--|---|
| General Themes | All About me! | Terrific Tales! | Amazing Animals! | Come Outside! | Ticket to Ride! | Fun at the seaside! |
| Core Principles | Character Formation Our virtues of respect, self- discipline, courage, integrity, empathy and gratitude are tangible throughout the curriculum. Experienced Based Curriculum. Provision for Philosophy, Religion & Ethics, PSHE and meditation. | Spiritual Insight Students have profound and stirring experiences of religious education / festivals. Effective pastoral care. The curriculum and school life make spirituality relevant and accessible to all, irrespective of faith or belief. Positive Relationships. | Educational Excellence Teachers and students are inspired and joyful. High quality dialogue - Speak sincerely. Engage in empathic dialogue. Culture of intellectual curiosity and continuous professional development. | Educational Excellence Holistic, values based and contextualized in curriculum. Children actively involved in creating their own paths of learning. Passions are evident / committed engagement of parents/carers as coeducators. | Spiritual Insight Children evidence spiritual insight in terms of their own identity, their relationship with others, with the wider world and for some, their relationship with God. Positive Relationships. All are committed to their own personal journey of self-discovery. | Character Formation Children make conscientious choices. Promote the Common Good. Children develop moral literacy. Provision for Philosophy, Religion & Ethics, RSE, PSHE. |
| | ourselves — intellect o We choose how we o We care for and res o We each observe the vision. o We serve a higher page 1 | tual, emotional, physica wish to respond to life pect all life – human, ar ne one same reality fror ourpose by living a mea | I and spiritual. and what we nurture valued and plant—and lim our own unique personingful and satisfying literal | vithin us. ve in a way that causes pective and engage in o fe of contribution. | by discovering and nur the least possible harm pen-minded dialogue to | n. o deeply enrich our |



Values, Assessment and Parental Involvement

| | Autumn 1 | Autumn 2 | Spring 1 | Spring 2 | Summer 1 | Summer 2 |
|--|---|--|--|--|--|---|
| General Themes | All About me! | Terrific Tales! | Amazing Animals! | Come Outside! | Ticket to Ride! | Fun at the seaside! |
| Our Values Assemblies / Sharing Circles These will mirror the principles and values of our school & The Avanti Way. We will 'dip in and out of each area' each term as and when we need to. | Mutual respect We are all unique. We respect differences between different people and their beliefs in our community, in this country and all around the world. All cultures are learned, respected, and celebrated. | Mutual Tolerance Everyone is valued, all cultures are celebrated and we all share and respect the opinions of others. Mutual tolerance of those with different faiths and beliefs and for those without faith. | Rule of law We all know that we have rules at school that we must follow. We know who to talk to if we do not feel safe. We know right from wrong. We recognise that we are accountable for our actions. We must work together as a team when it is necessary. | Individual liberty We all have the right to have our own views. We are all respected as individuals. We feel safe to have a go at new activities. We understand and celebrate the fact that everyone is different. | Democracy We all have the right to be listened to. We respect everyone and we value their different ideas and opinions. We have the opportunity to play with who we want to play with. We listen with intrigue and value and respect the opinions of others. | Recap all British Values Fundamental British Values underpin what it is to be a citizen in a modern and diverse Great Britain valuing our community and celebrating the diversity of the UK. Fundamental British Values are not exclusive to being British and are shared by other democratic countries. |
| Assessment opportunities | Analyse Nursery Assessments In-house - Baseline data on entry National Baseline data by end of term Tapestry Phonic Intervention groups | On going assessments Baseline analysis Pupil progress meetings Parents evening info EYFS team meetings In house moderation Midterm Assessments | GLD Projections for EOY Cluster moderation Trust moderation EYFS team meetings Phase meeting and internal moderations | Pupil progress meetings Parents evening info EYFS team meetings Tapestry | Cluster moderation Trust moderation EYFS team meetings | Pupil progress meetings Parents evening info EYFS team meetings Tapestry EOY data |
| Parental Involvement | Staggered Start Welcome meetings Harvest Assembly Home / School Agreement Proud Clouds Phonics workshop | Proud Clouds Nativity Maths workshops Parents Evening | Proud Clouds Language workshops Share a story events / Stay and Read morning Look at me! Talent show! | Proud Clouds Parents Evening Art workshop / Gallery First words program | Proud Clouds Share a story Maths Morning – Look how far we have come! | Proud Clouds Parents Evening Beach day / class trips Graduation events Sports days |

We recognise that all children are unique and special.



Communication and Language



We understand that children will make progress at different times. There is no right time, they will progress when they are ready

| | We understand that ch | nildren will make progres | ss at different times. Th | ere is no right time they | will progress when they | are ready. |
|--|--|---|--|--|--|---|
| | Autumn 1 | Autumn 2 | Spring 1 | Spring 2 | Summer 1 | Summer 2 |
| General Themes | All About me! | Terrific Tales! | Amazing Animals! | Come Outside! | Ticket to Ride! | Fun at the seaside! |
| Communication and Language Talk to parents about what language they speak at home, try and learn a few key words and celebrate multilingualism in your setting. | for language and cognitive d By commenting on what chil Reading frequently to childre words in a range of contexts, | evelopment. The number and of dren are interested in or doing, en, and engaging them actively in will give children the opportur | quality of the conversations the , and echoing back what they s n stories , non-fiction, rhymes a nity to thrive. Through convers | development. Children's back-arey have with adults and peers the ay with new vocabulary added, pand poems, and then providing tation, story-telling and role play, one comfortable using a rich ran | roughout the day in a language- practitioners will build children's hem with extensive opportuniti where children share their ideas | rich environment is crucial. Is language effectively. es to use and embed new Is with support and modelling |
| Whole EYFS Focus – C&L is developed throughout the year through high quality interactions, daily group discussions, sharing circles, PSHE times, stories, singing, speech and language interventions, Pie Corbett daily modelling and reinforcement, EYFS productions and assemblies . | Welcome to EYFS Settling in activities Making friends Children talking about experiences that are familiar to them What are your passions / goals / dreams? This is me! Rhyming and alliteration Familiar Print Sharing facts about me! Mood Monsters Shared stories All about me! | Tell me a story! Settling in activities Develop vocabulary Discovering Passions Tell me a story - retelling stories Story language Word hunts Listening and responding to stories Following instructions Takes part in discussion Understand how to listen carefully and why listening is important. | Tell me why! Using language well Ask how and why questions Discovering Passions Retell a story with repetitive language Story invention – talk it! Ask questions to find out more and to check they understand what has been said to them. Describe events in some detail. Listen to and talk about | Talk it through! Describe events in detail — time connectives Understand how to listen carefully and why listening is important. Use picture cue cards to talk about an object: "What colour is it? Where would you find it? Begin to develop adjective understanding Sustained focus when listening to a story | What happened? Re-read some books so children learn the language necessary to talk about what is happening in each illustration and relate it to their own lives Responding to questions about events, characters and feelings | Time to share! Show and tell Weekend news Read aloud books to children that will extend their knowledge of the world and illustrate a current topic. Select books containing photographs and pictures, for example, places in different weather conditions and seasons. |

Model talk routines through the day. For example, arriving in school: "Good

morning, how are you?"

Use new vocabulary through the day. Choose books that will develop their vocabulary.

stories to build familiarity and understanding. Learn rhymes, poems and songs.



| | Autumn 1 | Autumn 2 | Spring 1 | Spring 2 | Summer 1 | Summer 2 |
|----------------|---------------|-----------------|---------------------|---------------|-----------------|---------------------|
| General Themes | All About me! | Terrific Tales! | Amazing Animals! | Come Outside! | Ticket to Ride! | Fun at the seaside! |

Communication and Language

Talk to parents about what language they speak at home, try and learn a few key words and celebrate multilingualism in your setting.

The development of children's spoken language underpins all seven areas of learning and development. Children's back-and-forth interactions from an early age form the foundations for language and cognitive development. The number and quality of the conversations they have with adults and peers throughout the day in a language-rich environment is crucial. By commenting on what children are interested in or doing, and echoing back what they say with new vocabulary added, practitioners will build children's language effectively. Reading frequently to children, and engaging them actively in stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems, and then providing them with extensive opportunities to use and embed new words in a range of contexts, will give children the opportunity to thrive. Through conversation, story-telling and role play, where children share their ideas with support and modelling from their teacher, and sensitive questioning that invites them to elaborate, children become comfortable using a rich range of vocabulary and language structures.

Whole FYES Focus - C&L is developed throughout the year through high quality interactions, daily group discussions, sharing circles, PSHE times, stories, singing, speech and language interventions, Pie Corbett, EYFS productions, assemblies and weekly interventions.

Daily story time

Welcome to EYFS

Settling in activities Making friends – learning peers names Children using talk about things familiar to them. What do you like/dislike? This is me! Rhyming Familiar Print - my name All about me! Model talk routines through the day. For example, arriving in school: "Good morning, how are you?" Naming areas Introducing new stories

and language

Tell me a story!

Settling in activities Develop vocabulary Tell me a story - begin joining in with stories Story language Listening and responding to stories Following one instruction Use new vocabulary through the day. Choose books that will develop their vocabulary.

Tell me why! Settling in activities!

Using language well Understand and answer simple how and why questions... Retell a well known story with story language with support Ask questions to find out more and to check they understand what has been said to them. Listen to and talk about stories to build familiarity and understanding. Learn rhymes, poems and

songs.

Talk it through!

Settling in activities Describe events in detail Understand how to listen carefully and why listening is important. Use picture cue cards to talk about an object: "What colour is it? Where would you find it? Talk about a familiar story

they have listened to.

What happened? Settling in activities

Re-read some books so children learn the language necessary to talk about what is happening in each illustration Talk about their own lives

Time to share!

Talk about likes and dislikes Naming and discussing familiar objects in activities and pictures Read aloud books to children that will extend their knowledge of the world and illustrate a current topic. Select books containing photographs and pictures, for example, places in different weather conditions and seasons.



Personal, Social and Emotional Development

✓ Persisting in the face of difficulty.



| | Autumn 1 | Autumn 2 | Spring 1 | Spring 2 | Summer 1 | Summer 2 |
|---|--|--|--|--|---|---|
| General Themes | All About me! | Terrific Tales! | Amazing Animals! | Come Outside! | Ticket to Ride! | Fun at the seaside! |
| Personal, Social and Emotional Development | Underpinning their pers children to learn how to themselves simple goals guidance, they will learn | sonal development are the ime understand their own feeling in have confidence in their own how to look after their bodies to make good friendships, contact the second ships in the secon | nportant attachments that s gs and those of others. Child n abilities, to persist and wai es, including healthy eating, | ren to lead healthy and happy lives shape their social world. Strong, was liven should be supported to mana it for what they want and direct at and manage personal needs indeplicts peaceably. These attributes w | arm and supportive relation age emotions, develop a pos ttention as necessary. Throup pendently. Through support | nships with adults enable sitive sense of self, set ugh adult modelling and ted interaction with other |
| Managing Self Self - Regulation Link to Behaviour | New Beginnings See themselves as a valuable individual. Being me in my world Class Rule Rules and Routines Supporting children to build relationships Dreams and Goals | Self - Confidence Build constructive and respectfu | differences Celebrating differences Identify and moderate their own feelings socially and emotionally. | Relationships What makes a good friend? Healthy me Random acts of Kindness Looking after pets Looking After our Planet Give children strategies for staying calm in the face of frustration. Talk them through why we take turns, wait politely, tidy up after ourselves and so on | Looking after others Friendships Dreams and Goals Show resilience and perseverance in the face of challenge. Discuss why we take turns, wait politely, tidy up after ourselves and so on. | Taking part in sports day - Winning and loosing Changing me Look how far I've come! Model positive behaviour and highlight exemplary behaviour of children in class, narrating what was kind and considerate about the behaviour. |
| for Learning | accordingly. Set and work towar immediate impulses when approappropriately even when engagideas or actions. | own feelings and those of others, and rds simple goals, being able to wait for opriate. Give focused attention to what led in activity, and show an ability to fo Controlling own feelings and behave personalised strategies to return to Being able to curb impulsive behave Being able to concentrate on a to Being able to ignore distraction Behaving in ways that are pro-so Planning Thinking before acting Delaying gratification | what they want and control their the teacher says, responding bllow instructions involving several viours a state of calm viours cask ns | We understand that children | ne early years, efforts to develond reduce impulsivity. Activities | op self-regulation often seek s typically include supporting d reviewing what they have rion. d at varying rates – |





| | Autumn 1 | Autumn 2 | Spring 1 | Spring 2 | Summer 1 | Summer 2 |
|--|--|---|---|---|--|---|
| General | All About | Terrific Tales! | Amazing | Come Outside! | Ticket to Ride! | Fun at the |
| Themes | me! | | Animals! | | | seaside! |
| Personal, Social and Emotional Development | development. Underping with adults enable childer positive sense of self, senecessary. Through adultindependently. Through | ning their personal developer ren to learn how to underst at themselves simple goals, t modelling and guidance, t supported interaction with | ment are the important att and their own feelings and have confidence in their of hey will learn how to look other children, they learn h | Idren to lead healthy and hap achments that shape their soc I those of others. Children sho wn abilities, to persist and wa after their bodies, including he now to make good friendships, | ial world. Strong, warm and uld be supported to manage it for what they want and diealthy eating, and manage p | supportive relationships e emotions, develop a rect attention as personal needs |
| Managing Self | New Beginnings See themselves as a valuable individual. | Understanding that some things are right and some are wrong Feeling our own emotions | | Relationships | Looking after others Friendships Show resilience and | Taking part in sports day - Winning and loosing Changing me |
| Self - | Being me in my world Beginning to understand class Rules and Routines Supporting children to build | Self - Confidence Build relationships. | Celebrating differences Identify their own feelings. Encourage them to think about their own feelings and those of | | perseverance in the face of challenge. Model and encourage why we take turns, wait politely, tidy | Look how far I've come! Model positive behaviour and highlight exemplary behaviour of children in class, narrating |
| Regulation | relationships Likes and dislikes | | others by reading stories and exploring pictures | take turns, wait politely, tidy up after ourselves and so on | up after ourselves and so on. | what was kind and considerate about the behavior preparing for their transition to either big Nursery or Reception Class |
| Link to | accordingly. Set and work towar | own feelings and those of others, an ds simple goals, being able to wait fo opriate. Give focused attention to v | or what they want and control their | behaviour and aspects of | be defined as the ability of chi f their learning. In the early yea | rs, efforts to develop self- |
| Behaviour for | | ed in activity, and show an ability to | | 1 - | prove levels of self-control and g children in articulating their p | , , |
| Learning | ✓ | Controlling own feelings and be | | 1 11 1 | they have done." Education End | - |
| | | personalised strategies to returr Being able to curb impulsive be | | | | |
| | | ✓ Being able to concentrate on | a task | | | |
| | | Being able to ignore distractBehaving in ways that are pro | | | | |
| | | ✓ Planning | | | n develop in individual ways and | |
| | | ✓ Thinking before acting ✓ Delaying gratification | | physically, cognitive | ely, linguistically, socially and em | otionally. |
| | | ✓ Persisting in the face of difficulty of the property of | culty. | | | |



Physical Development

|) | |
|---|--|

| | Autumn 1 | Autumn 2 | Spring 1 | Spring 2 | Summer 1 | Summer 2 |
|---|---|---|--|---|---|---|
| | Autumni | Autuminz | Shillig T | Spring 2 | Julilliel 1 | Julilille Z |
| General | All About me! | Terrific Tales! | Amazing | Come | Ticket to Ride! | Fun at the |
| Themes | | | Animals! | Outside! | | seaside! |
| Physical development | throughout early childhood, s play movement with both obj strength, stability, balance, spa Fine motor control and precisi | dren's all-round development, dren's all-round development, drarting with sensory exploration ects and adults. By creating galatial awareness, co-ordination a on helps with hand-eye co-ordination afts and the practice of using streams. | ns and the development of a comes and providing opportunition and agility. Gross motor skills penation, which is later linked to | hild's strength, co-ordination ar es for play both indoors and ou rovide the foundation for deve early literacy. Repeated and va | nd positional awareness throug utdoors, adults can support chi eloping healthy bodies and soci ried opportunities to explore a | h tummy time, crawling and ldren to develop their core al and emotional well-being. nd play with small world |
| Fine | Threading, cutting, weaving, playdough, Fine Motor activities. | Threading, cutting, weaving, playdough, Fine Motor activities. | Threading, cutting, weaving, playdough, Fine Motor activities. | Threading, cutting, weaving, playdough, Fine Motor activities. | Threading, cutting, weaving, playdough, Fine Motor activities. | Threading, cutting, weaving, playdough, Fine Motor activities. |
| motor | Manipulate objects with good fine motor skills Draw lines and circles using gross | Develop muscle tone to put pencil pressure on paper Use tools to effect changes to materials Show | Begin to form letters correctly Handle tools, objects, construction and malleable materials with | Hold pencil effectively with comfortable grip Forms recognisable letters most correctly | Develop pencil grip and letter formation continually Use one hand consistently for fine | Form letters correctly Copy a square Begin to draw diagonal lines, like in |
| Continuously check the process of children's handwriting (pencil grip and letter formation, including directionality). Provide extra help and guidance when needed. | motor movements Hold pencil/paint brush beyond whole hand grasp Pencil Grip | preference for dominant hand Engage children in structured activities: guide them in what to draw, write or copy. Teach and model correct letter formation. | increasing control Encourage children to draw freely. Holding Small Items / Button Clothing / Cutting with Scissors | formed More Ideas here: https://mrsunderwood.co.uk/prod uct/50-fine-motor-activity-ideas/ | motor tasks Cut along a straight line with scissors / Start to cut along a curved line, like a circle / Draw a cross | a triangle / Start to colour inside the lines of a picture Start to draw pictures that are recognisable / Build things with smaller linking |
| Daily opportunities for | Cooperation games i.e. parachute | Ball skills- throwing and catching. | Ball skills- aiming, dribbling, | Balance- children moving with | Obstacle activities | blocks, such as Duplo or Lego Races / team games involving gross |
| Fine Motor Activities | games. Climbing – outdoor equipment Different ways of moving to be explored with children | Crates play- climbing. Skipping ropes in outside area dance related activities Provide a range of wheeled | pushing, throwing & catching, patting, or kicking Ensure that spaces are accessible to children with varying confidence | confidence dance related activities Provide opportunities for children to, spin, rock, tilt, fall, slide and | children moving over, under, through and around equipment Encourage children to be highly active and get out of breath several | motor movements dance related activities Allow less competent and confident children to spend time |
| Gross | Changing for PE / Help individual children to develop good personal hygiene. Acknowledge and praise | resources for children to balance, sit or ride on, or pull and push. Two-wheeled balance bikes and | levels, skills and needs. Provide a wide range of activities to support a broad range of abilities. | bounce. Use picture books and other resources to explain the | times every day. Provide opportunities for children to, spin, rock, tilt, fall, slide and bounce. | initially observing and listening, without feeling pressured to join in. Gymnastics ./ Balance |
| motor | their efforts. Provide regular reminders about thorough handwashing and toileting. | pedal bikes without stabilizers, skateboards, wheelbarrows, prams and carts are all good options | Dance / moving to music Gymnastics ./ Balance | importance of the different aspects of a healthy lifestyle. | Dance / moving to music | Gyiiiiastics , Baiance |
| | | | From Developme | ent Matters 20': | | |

Revise and refine the fundamental movement skills they have already acquired: - rolling - crawling - walking - jumping - running - hopping - skipping – climbing

Progress towards a more fluent style of moving, with developing control and grace.

Develop the overall body strength, co-ordination, balance and agility needed to engage successfully with future physical education sessions and other physical disciplines including dance, gymnastics, sport and swimming.

Develop their small motor skills so that they can use a range of tools competently, safely and confidently. Suggested tools: pencils for drawing and writing, paintbrushes, scissors, knives, forks and spoons.

Use their core muscle strength to achieve a good posture when sitting at a table or sitting on the floor.

Confidently and safely use a range of large and small apparatus indoors and outside, alone and in a group. Develop overall body-strength, balance, co-ordination and agility.

Further develop and refine a range of ball skills including: throwing, catching, kicking, passing, batting, and aiming. Develop confidence, competence, precision and accuracy when engaging in activities that involve a ball.

Weekly Mindful Lesson





| | | Autumn 1 | Autumn 2 | Spring 1 | Spring 2 | Summer 1 | Summer 2 |
|--|---|--|--|---|--|---|---|
| Ge | neral | All About me! | Terrific Tales! | Amazing | Come Outside! | Ticket to Ride! | Fun at the |
| The | emes | | | Animals! | | | seaside! |
| | ysical lopment | early childhood, starting with s with both objects and adults. B balance, spatial awareness, co precision helps with hand-eye | ren's all-round development, enemsory explorations and the development of the development, enemsory explorations and providing creating games and providing cordination and agility. Gross more co-ordination, which is later linus small tools, with feedback and several enems of the cordination of the | velopment of a child's strength, opportunities for play both indo otor skills provide the foundation ked to early literacy . Repeated a | co-ordination and positional average or sand outdoors, adults can super for developing healthy bodies and varied opportunities to explore the control of the | wareness through tummy time, oport children to develop their cand social and emotional well-bore and play with small world ac | crawling and play movement core strength, stability, eing. Fine motor control and |
| | ine otor | Threading, cutting, weaving, playdough, Fine Motor activities. Manipulate objects with good fine motor skills Draw/paint large lines and circles using gross motor movements Hold pencil/paint brush beyond whole hand grasp Pencil Grip | Threading, cutting, weaving, playdough, Fine Motor activities. Develop muscle tone to put pencil pressure on paper Use tools to effect changes to materials Show preference for dominant hand Engage children in mark making. | Threading, cutting, weaving, playdough, Fine Motor activities. Begin to form lines and closed shapes. Handle tools, objects, construction and malleable materials with increasing control Encourage children to mark make and draw freely. Holding Small Items making snips with Scissors | Threading, cutting, weaving, playdough, Fine Motor activities. Hold pencil model and support grip Forms letter shapes | Threading, cutting, weaving, playdough, Fine Motor activities. Develop pencil control Use one hand consistently for fine motor tasks Cut along a straight line with scissors / | Threading, cutting, weaving, playdough, Fine Motor activities. Form letters correctly colour inside the lines of a picture draw pictures that are recognisable Build things with wooden blocks or duplo |
| handwriting (formation, including extra help and good points of the control of t | ck the process of children's (pencil grip and letter ing directionality). Provide guidance when needed. pportunities ne Motor tivities | Cooperation games i.e. parachute games. Different ways of moving to be explored with children children to develop good personal hygiene – washing hands Toilet training Acknowledge and praise their efforts. Provide regular reminders about thorough handwashing and toileting. | Ball skills- rolling, kicking Moving with confidence indoor ad out Provide a range of wheeled resources for children to balance, sit or ride on, or pull and push. wheelbarrows, prams and carts are all good options | Ball skills- rolling, kicking Ensure that spaces are accessible to children with varying confidence levels, skills and needs. Provide a wide range of activities to support a broad range of abilities. Dance / moving to music Balance | Balance- children moving with confidence Use picture books and other resources to explain the importance of the different aspects of a healthy lifestyle. Time in reception garden for climbing, balancing | Obstacle activities children moving over, under, through and around equipment Encourage children to be highly active and get out of breath several times every day. Provide opportunities for children to. Dance / moving to music Time in reception garden for climbing, balancing | Races / team games involving gross motor movements Allow less competent and confident children to spend time initially observing and listening, without feeling pressured to join in. Time in reception garden for climbing, balancing |
| Gr | ross | | | From Dovelopme | not Matters 21/2 | Dataticing | |
| mo | otor | Develop the | body strength, co-ordination, balance and ag eir small motor skills so that they can use a rai Use the | Progress towards a more fluent style of m ility needed to engage successfully with futur- nge of tools competently, safely and confiden eir core muscle strength to achieve a good po e and small apparatus indoors and outside, al | - rolling - crawling - walking - jumping - runni oving, with developing control and grace. e physical education sessions and other physical tly. Suggested tools: pencils for drawing and visture when sitting at a table or sitting on the one and in a group. Develop overall body-stre | cal disciplines including dance, gymnastics, sp writing, paintbrushes, scissors, knives, forks a floor. ength, balance, co-ordination and agility. | nd spoons. |
| Weekly ' | Yoga Lesson | | | | | | |

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Lite

| × * | | | <u>Literacy</u> | | | | |
|------------|---|--|---|--|---|---|--|
| 0 | Autumn 1 | Autumn 2 | Spring 1 | Spring 2 | Summer 1 | Summer 2 | |
| General | All About me! | Terrific Tales! | Amazing | Come | Ticket to Ride! | Fun at the | |
| hemes | | | Animals! | Outside! | | seaside! | |
| eracy | develops when adults talk with child | ren about the world around them and the | e books (stories and non-fiction) they rea ne speedy recognition of familiar printed o | nension and word reading. Language comp d with them, and enjoy rhymes, poems ar words. Writing involves transcription (spe efore writing) | nd songs together . Skilled word reading, t | aught later, involves both the speedy | |
| prehension | Joining in with rhymes and showing an interest in stories with repeated refrains. Environment print. Having a favourite story/rhyme. Understand the five key concepts | Retell stories related to events through acting/role play. Christmas letters/lists. Retelling stories using images / apps. Pie Corbett Actions to retell the story – Story Maps. | Making up stories with themselves as the main character – Using Tales Toolkit strategy. Encourage children to record stories through picture drawing/mark making for LAs. | Information leaflets about animals in the garden/plants and growing. Re-read books to build up their confidence in word reading, their | Stories from other cultures and traditions Retell a story with actions and / or picture prompts as part of a group - | Can draw pictures of characters/ event / setting in a story Listen to stories, accurately anticipating key events & respond to | |
| voloning | about print: - print has meaning - | Retelling of stories. Editing of story | | fluency and their understanding and | Use story language when acting out | what they hear with relevant | |

Comp Developing a passion for reading

Children will visit the library weekly

Word Reading

books

about print: - print has meaning print can have different purposes we read English text from left to right and from top to bottom - the names of the different parts of a

Sequencing familiar stories through the use of pictures to tell the story. Recognising initial sounds. Name writing activities. Engage in extended conversations about stories, learning new vocabulary.

Phonic Sounds: Sounds Write, Initial sounds

Reading: Initial sounds, oral blending, CVC sounds, reciting know stories, listening to stories with attention and recall. speedily. This will make soundblending easier

'said', help children identify the their developing phonic knowledge sound that is tricky to spell.

maps and orally retelling new stories.

Non-Fiction Focus Retelling of

stories.

Sequence story - use vocabulary of

beginning, middle and end.

Blend sounds into words, so that

they can read short words made up

of known letter-sound

correspondences.

Enjoys an increasing range of books

Phonic Sounds: Sounds Write

Differentiated groups

Reading: Blending CVC sounds,

rhyming, alliteration, knows that

print is read from left to right.

Spotting diagraphs in words.

Read simple phrases and sentences made up of words with known letter-sound correspondences and, where necessary, a few exception words. Read a few common exception words matched to RWI. Make the books available for children to share at school and at home. Avoid asking children to read books at home they cannot yet read

Phonic Sounds: Sounds Write **Reading:** Rhyming strings, common theme in traditional tales, identifying characters and settings.

Help children to become familiar with letter groups, such as 'th', 'sh', 'ch', 'ee' 'or' 'igh'. Provide opportunities for children to read words containing familiar letter groups: 'that', 'shop', 'chin', 'feet', 'storm', 'night'.

fluency and their understanding and enjoyment. World Book Day

Timeline of how plants grow.

Uses vocabulary and forms of speech that are increasingly influenced by their experiences of books.

They develop their own narratives and explanations by connecting ideas or events

Phonic Sounds: Sounds Write Reading: Story structure-beginning, middle, end. Innovating and retelling stories to an audience, non-fiction books.

Listen to children read some longer words made up of letter-sound correspondences they know: 'rabbit', 'himself', 'jumping'.

words.

Use story language when acting out a narrative. Rhyming words.

Parents reading stories

Can explain the main events of a story - Can draw pictures of characters/event / setting in a story. May include labels, sentences or captions.

Role play area – book characters Pajamarama Day

Phonic Sounds: Sounds Write Reading: Non-fiction texts, Internal blending, Naming letters of the alphabet. Distinguishing capital letters and lower case letters.

Note correspondences between letters and sounds that are unusual or that they have not yet been taught, such as 'do', 'said', 'were'.

what they hear with relevant comments, questions and reactions.

Make predictions

Beginning to understand that a nonfiction is a non-story- it gives information instead. Fiction means story. - Can point to front cover, back cover, spine, blurb, illustration, illustrator, author and title.

Sort books into categories.

Phonic Sounds: Sounds Write

Reading: Reading simple sentences with fluency. Reading CVCC and CCVC words confidently.

End of term assessments

Transition work with Year 1 staff

Help children to read the sounds Show children how to touch each Children will be working in different finger as they say each sound. For groups for Sounds write. Children Listen to children read aloud, exception words such as 'the' and will read from Oxford reading tree ensuring books are consistent with

> Children should not be required to use other strategies to work out

We will provide experiences which build on children's existing knowledge and understanding in order to challenge, stimulate and extend their learning and development





| | Autumn 1 | Autumn 2 | Spring 1 | Spring 2 | Summer 1 | Summer 2 |
|--|---|---|--|--|---|--|
| General Themes | All About me! | Terrific Tales! | Amazing Animals! | Come Outside! | Ticket to Ride! | Fun at the seaside! |
| Literacy | only develops when adults talk with | children about the world around them a nciation of unfamiliar printed words (de | ists of two dimensions: language compr and the books (stories and non-fiction) t ecoding) and the speedy recognition of f and structuring them in | hey read with them, and enjoy rhymes, amiliar printed words. Writing involves speech, before writing) | , poems and songs together. Skilled wor s transcription (spelling and handwriting | d reading, taught later, involves both g) and composition (articulating ideas |
| Comprehension - Developing a passion for reading | Joining in with rhymes and showing an interest in stories with repeated refrains. Environmenal print. Having a favourite story/rhyme. Understand the five key concepts about print: - print has meaning - print can have different purposes - we read English text from left to right and from top to bottom - the names of the different parts of a book Sequencing familiar stories through the use of role play to tell the story. Begin to recognize own name. Name writing activities. Engage in conversations about stories, learning new vocabulary. | Retell stories related to events through acting/role play. Christmas letters/lists using pictures. Retelling stories using images with support. Pie Corbett Actions to retell the story. Retelling of stories. Sequence story – introducing the idea of beginning and end. Enjoys an increasing range of books | Making up stories in their play using the role play resources or acting them out themselves. Encourage children to record stories through picture drawing/mark making. Look at a variety of books such as non fiction boos. | Introduce the idea of reading in different places such as back of seed packets, instructions etc. Uses vocabulary and forms of speech that are increasingly influenced by their experiences of books. They develop their own narratives and explanations by connecting ideas or events | Stories from other cultures and traditions Retell a story with actions and / or picture prompts as part of a group - Use story language when acting out a narrative. Rhyming words. Answer questions about a story Can explain the main events of a story - Can draw pictures of characters/ event / setting in a story. | Can draw pictures of characters/ event / setting in a story Listen to stories, accurately anticipating key events & respond to what they hear with relevant comments, questions and reactions. Make predictions Beginning to understand that a non-fiction is a non-story- it gives information instead. Fiction means story Can point to front cover, back cover, spine, blurb, and title. |
| | Initial Phonics: Sound games Rhyming games Stories Songs Listening games | Initial Phonics: Sound games Rhyming games Stories Songs Listening games | Initial Phonics: Sound games Rhyming games Stories Songs Listening games | Initial Phonics: Sound games Rhyming games Stories Songs Listening games | Initial Phonics: Sound games Rhyming games Stories Songs Listening games | Initial Phonics: Sound games Rhyming games Stories Songs Listening games |







| | Autumn 1 | Autumn 2 | Spring 1 | Spring 2 | Summer 1 | Summer 2 |
|--|--|--|---|---|--|--|
| General Themes | All About me! | Terrific Tales! | Amazing Animals! | Come Outside! | Ticket to Ride! | Fun at the seaside! |
| Writing TFW used as stimulus | Texts as a Stimulus: Nursery Rhymes Label characters | Texts as a Stimulus: The Little Red Hen (Journey story) Sequence the story Speech bubbles | Texts as a Stimulus: Owl Babies (Tale of Fear) CVC words / simple sentence writing using high frequency words | Texts as a Stimulus: Jack and the Bean stalk — retell parts of the story / repeated refrains / speech bubbles | Texts as a Stimulus: Mr Gumpy's Outing (Cumulative) Report about the animals falling into the water | Texts as a Stimulus: Big Blue Whale (Information Text) Write facts about whales |
| across the year Texts may change according to children's | Giraffes cant Dance (Wishing tale) – Create an I wish picture / make marks | The Three Billy Goats Gruff (Defeat Monster) Create a wanted poster to catch the troll | The Sleepy Bumblebee (Cumulative) Labels and simple captions Mini beasts – Animal Fact File – Compare two | Hungry Caterpillar - (Cumulative) Describe foods / adjectives Healthy Food – My Menu | Handa's Surprise (Journey story) Retell the story in own words / reverse the journey | Write a postcard / diary writing My Holiday – recount |
| Only ask children to write sentences when they have sufficient knowledge of lettersound correspondences. | Dominant hand, tripod grip, mark making, giving meaning to marks and labelling. Shopping lists, Writing initial sounds and simple captions. Use initial sounds to label characters / images. Silly soup. Names Labels. Captions Lists Diagrams Messages — Create a Message centre! | Name writing, labelling using initial sounds, story scribing. Retelling stories in writing area, instructions for porridge. Help children identify the sound that is tricky to spell. Sequence the story Write a sentence | animals Writing some of the tricky words such as I, me, my, like, to, the. Writing CVC words, Labels using CVC, CVCC, CCVC words. Guided writing based around developing short sentences in a meaningful context. Create a story board. | / Bean Diary Creating own story maps, writing captions and labels, writing simple sentences. Writing short sentences to accompany story maps. Order the Easter story. Labels and captions – life cycles Recount – A trip to the park Character descriptions. Write 2 sentences | Describe each animals Write new version Writing recipes, lists. Writing for a purpose in role play using phonetically plausible attempts at words, beginning to use finger spaces. Form lower-case and capital letters correctly. Rhyming words. Acrostic poems | Story writing, writing sentences using a range of tricky words that are spelt correctly. Beginning to use full stops, capital letters and finger spaces. Innovation of familiar texts using familiar texts as a model for writing own stories. Character description – Rainbow Fish Write three sentences – B, M & E. |





| | Autumn 1 | Autumn 2 | Spring 1 | Spring 2 | Summer 1 | Summer 2 |
|---|---|--|--|--|---|--|
| General Themes | All About me! | Terrific Tales! | Amazing Animals! | Come Outside! | Ticket to Ride! | Fun at the seaside! |
| Talk for writing used as stimulus across the year Texts may vary due to children's interests | Owl Babies Once there were Giants The Colour Monster Goldilocks and the three bears You choose Peepo Monkey Puzzle Making marks — using different media such as paint, pencil, crayon felt pen etc. Name recognition and writing available in continuous provision all year | Texts as a Stimulus: The Jolly Christmas Postman Christmas Story / Nativity Rama and Sita The Gingerbread Man The three Billy goats gruff Dear Santa The Christmas Bear We're going on an elf hunt Making marks and beginning to give them meaning. Retelling stories. Beginning to Sequence the story Name recognition and writing available in continuous provision all year | Texts as a Stimulus: The Great Race Little Red Riding Hood Dear Zoo Handa's surprise Brown Bear Brown Bear Rumble in the Jungle Polar bear polar bear Doing the animal bop! Making marks and beginning to give them meaning. Drawings pictures. Retelling stories. Using instruments alongside stories Name recognition and writing available in continuous provision all year | Oliver's Vegetables Jasper's Beanstalk The Very Hungry Caterpillar Aghh Spider! Pig in the Pond Farmer Duck The three little pigs What the Ladybird Heard We're going on an egg hunt Making marks and give them meaning. Drawings pictures. Using different media. Retelling stories. Using instruments alongside stories Name recognition and writing available in continuous provision all year | Texts as a Stimulus: The snail and the whale Mr. Gumpy's Outing The Train Ride Whatever next? How to catch a star Non-fiction books diggers Making marks and give them meaning. Drawings pictures. Using different media. Retelling stories. Using instruments alongside stories Name recognition and writing available in continuous provision all year Some children forming letters from their name | Texts as a Stimulus: Billy's Bucket Commotion in the ocean Sharing a shell Tiddler The singing mermaid Pirates love underpants 10 little pirates Making marks and give them meaning. Drawings pictures. Using different media. Retelling stories. Using instruments alongside stories Name recognition and writing available in continuous provision all year Some children forming letters from their name |





| | Autumn 1 | Autumn 2 | Spring 1 | Spring 2 | Summer 1 | Summer 2 | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|--|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| General Themes | All About me | Superheroes | Animals | Terrific Tales | Transport | Seaside | | | | | |
| Maths | numbers to 10, the relationships pebbles and tens frames for orga | Developing a strong grounding in number is essential so that all children develop the necessary building blocks to excel mathematically. Children should be able to count confidently, develop a deep understanding of the numbers to 10, the relationships between them and the patterns within those numbers. By providing frequent and varied opportunities to build and apply this understanding - such as using manipulatives, including small pebbles and tens frames for organising counting - children will develop a secure base of knowledge and vocabulary from which mastery of mathematics is built. In addition, it is important that the curriculum includes rich opportunities for children to develop their spatial reasoning skills across all areas of mathematics including shape, space and measures. It is important that children develop positive attitudes and interests in mathematics, look for patterns and relationships, spot connections, 'have a go', talk to adults and peers about what they notice and not be afraid to make mistakes. | | | | | | | | | |
| "Without mathematics, there's nothing you can do. Everything around you is mathematics. Everything around you is numbers." — Shakuntala Devi Mathematics Mastery | Early Mathematical Experiences Counting rhymes and songs Classifying objects based on one attribute •Matching equal and unequal sets •Comparing objects and sets. Subatising. •Ordering objects and sets / introduce manipulatives. Number recognition. 2D Shapes. Pattern and early number Recognise, describe, copy and extend colour and size patterns •Count and represent the numbers 1 to 3 •Estimate and check by counting. Recognise numbers in the environment. A number a week. | Numbers within 6 Count up to six objects. •One more or one fewer •Order numbers 1 – 6 •Conservation of numbers within six Addition and subtraction within 6 Explore zero •Explore addition and subtraction Measures Estimate, order compare, discuss and explore capacity, weight and lengths Shape and sorting Describe, and sort 2-D & 3-D shapes •Describe position accurately Calendar and time Days of the week, seasons •Sequence daily events | Numbers within 10 Count up to ten objects •Represent, order and explore numbers to ten •One more or fewer, one greater or less Addition and subtraction within 10 Explore addition as counting on and subtraction as taking away Numbers within 15 Count up to 15 objects and recognise different representations •Order and explore numbers to 15 •One more or fewer | Grouping and sharing Counting and sharing in equal groups •Grouping into fives and tens •Relationship between grouping and sharing Numbers within 20 Count up to 10 objects •Represent, order and explore numbers to 15 •One more or fewer Doubling and halving Doubling and halving & the relationship between them | Shape and pattern Describe and sort 2-D and 3-D shapes •Recognise, complete and create patterns Addition and subtraction within 20 Commutativity •Explore addition and subtraction •Compare two amounts •Relationship between doubling and halving Money Coin recognition and values •Combinations to total 20p •Change from 10p Measures Describe capacities •Compare volumes •Compare weights •Estimate, compare and order lengths | Depth of numbers within 20 Explore numbers and strategies • Recognise and extend patterns • Apply number, shape and measures knowledge • Count forwards and backwards Numbers beyond 20 One more one less • Estimate and count • Grouping and sharing | | | | | |





| | Autumn 1 | Autumn 2 | Spring 1 | Spring 2 | Summer 1 | Summer 2 |
|-------------------|---------------|-----------------|---------------------|-----------------|--------------------|-----------------------|
| General Themes | All About me! | Terrific Tales! | Amazing Animals! | Come Outside | Ticket to Ride! | Fun at the Seaside |

Developing a strong grounding in number is essential so that all children develop the necessary building blocks to excel mathematically. Children should be able to count confidently, develop a deep

understanding of the numbers to 10, the relationships between them and the patterns within those numbers. By providing frequent and varied opportunities to build and apply this understanding - such as using manipulatives, including small pebbles and tens frames for organising counting - children will develop a secure base of knowledge and vocabulary from which mastery of mathematics is built. In addition, it is important that the curriculum includes rich opportunities for children to develop their spatial reasoning skills across all areas of mathematics including shape, space and measures. It is

important that children develop positive attitudes and interests in mathematics, look for patterns and relationships, spot connections, 'have a go', talk to adults and peers about what they notice and not be afraid to make mistakes.

Maths

"Without mathematics, there's nothing you can do. **Everything** around you is mathematics. **Everything** around you is numbers." – Shakuntala Devi

Early Mathematical Experiences

Counting rhymes and songs Finger rhymes Building with shapes and blocks Beginning to use random numbers in play Birthdays – knowing my age

Early Mathematical Experiences

Counting rhymes and songs Finger rhymes Building with shapes and blocks Beginning to use random numbers in play for counting 1,3,4 Birthdays – knowing my age Completing puzzles patterns

Early Mathematical Experiences

Counting rhymes and songs Finger rhymes Building with shapes and blocks Beginning to count in play Birthdays – knowing my age and recognizing familiar numbers - 3 "I am Completing puzzles patterns

Early Mathematical Experiences

Counting rhymes and songs Finger rhymes Talk about and explore shapes Counting in sequence Beginning to count out quantities under 6 Birthdays –recognizing familiar numbers – 3 "I am Completing puzzles patterns

Early Mathematical Experiences

Counting rhymes and songs Finger rhymes Talk about and explore shapes Counting in sequence Beginning to count out quantities under 6 Birthdays -recognizing familiar numbers - 3 "I am 3" Completing puzzles patterns Capacity, weight length comparing more or less

Early Mathematical Experiences

Counting rhymes and songs Finger rhymes Talk about and explore shapes / make pictures and patterns Counting in sequence Beginning to count out quantities under 6 Birthdays -recognizing familiar numbers - 3 "I am 3" Completing puzzles patterns Capacity, weight length comparing more or less

> Link numeral and quantity up to 5

Mathematics Mastery

| Autumn 1 |
|---------------|
| All About me! |
| |

Understanding the World

Spring 1

| | | 0 | - - | | |
|---|---|---|---|--|---|
| All About me! | Terrific Tales! | Amazing Animals! | Come Outside! | Ticket to Ride! | Fun at the seaside! |
| meeting important members of society such | as police officers, nurses and firefighters. In add | ition, listening to a broad selection of storie | of children's personal experiences increases their knows, non-fiction, rhymes and poems will foster their und ing across domains. Enriching and widening children's | derstanding of our culturally, socially, technological | ally and ecologically diverse world. As well as |
| Identifying their family. Commenting on | Can talk about what they have done with | Listening to stories and | o Trip to our local park (to link with | Use Handa's Surprise to explore a different | To understand where dinosaurs |

Understanding the world RE / Festivals

Our RE Curriculum enables children to develop a positive sense of themselves and others and learn how to form positive and respectful relationships.

They will begin to understand and value the differences of individuals and groups within their own community.

Children will have opportunity to develop their emerging moral and cultural awareness.

- Identifying their family. Commenting on photos of their family; naming who they can see and of what relation they are to them.
- Can talk about what they do with their family and places they have been with their family.
 Can draw similarities and make comparisons between other families. Name and describe people who are familiar to them.
- Read fictional stories about families and start to tell the difference between real and fiction Talk about members of their immediate family and community.
- Navigating around our classroom and outdoor areas. Create treasure hunts to find places/ objects within our learning environment.
- Introduce children to different occupations and how they use transport to help them in their jobs.
- Listen out for and make note of children's discussion between themselves regarding their experience of past birthday celebrations.
- Long ago How time has changed. Using cameras

- Can talk about what they have done with their families during Christmas' in the past.
- Show photos of how Christmas used to be celebrated in the past. Use world maps to show children where some stories are based. Use the Jolly Postman to draw information from a map and begin to understand why maps are so important to postmen.

Autumn 2

- Share different cultures versions of famous fairy tales.
- To introduce children to a range of fictional characters and creatures from stories and to begin to differentiate these characters from real people in their lives.
- Stranger danger (based on Jack and the beanstalk). Talking about occupations and how to identify strangers that can help them when they are in need.
- Can talk about what they have done with their families during Christmas' in the past.
- Show photos of how Christmas used to be celebrated in the past. Use world maps to show children where some stories are based. Use the Jolly Postman to draw information from a map and begin to understand why maps are so important to postmen.
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- To introduce children to a range of fictional characters and creatures from stories and to begin to differentiate these characters from real people in their lives.
- Stranger danger (based on Jack and the beanstalk). Talking about occupations and how to identify strangers that can help them when they are in need.

- Listening to stories ar placing events in chronological order.
- o What can we do here to take care of animals in the jungle?
- Compare animals from a jungle to those on a farm.
- Explore a range of jungle animals. Learn their names and label their body parts.
 Could include a trip to the
- Nocturnal Animals Making sense of different environments and habitats
- Use images, video clips, shared texts and other resources to bring the wider world into the classroom. Listen to what children say about what they see
- Listen to children describing and commenting on things they have seen whilst outside, including plants and animals.
- After close observation, draw pictures of the natural world, including animals and plants

 Trip to our local park (to link with seasons); discuss what we will see on our journey to the park and how we will get there.

Spring 2

- Introduce the children to recycling and how it can take care of our world. Look at what rubbish can do to our environment and animals.
 Create opportunities to discuss how we care for the natural world around us.
- o Can children make comments on the weather, culture, clothing, housing.
- Change in living things Changes in the leaves, weather, seasons,
- Explore the world around us and see how it changes as we enter Summer. Provide opportunities for children to note and record the weather.
- o Building a 'Bug Hotel'
- Draw children's attention to the immediate environment, introducing and modelling new vocabulary where appropriate.
- Encourage interactions with the outdoors to foster curiosity and give children freedom to touch, smell and hear the natural world around them during hands-on experiences.
- Look for children incorporating their understanding of the seasons and weather in their play.
- Use the BeeBots

country.

Summer 1

- o Discuss how they got to school and what mode of transport they used. Introduce the children to a range of transport and where they can be found.
- Look at the difference between transport in this country and one other country.
 Encourage the children to make simple comparisons.
- Use bee-bots on simple maps. Encourage the children to use navigational language.
- Can children talk about their homes and what there is to do near their homes?
- Look out for children drawing/painting or constructing their homes.
- Encourage them to comment on what their home is like. Show photos of the children's homes and encourage them to draw comparisons.
- Environments Features of local environment Maps of local area Comparing places on Google Earth – how are they similar/different?
- Introduce the children to NASA and America.
- Introduce children to significant figures who have been to space and begin to understand that these events happened before they were born.
- o Can children differentiate between land and water.
- Take children to places of worship and places of local importance to the community.

To understand where dinosaurs are now and begin to understand that they were alive a very long time ago.

Summer 2

Learn about what a palaeontologist is and how they explore really old artefacts. Introduce Mary Anning as the first female to find a fossil.

Materials: Floating / Sinking – boat building Metallic / non-metallic objects

Seasides long ago – Magic Grandad

- To understand where dinosaurs are now and begin to understand that they were alive a very long time ago.
- Learn about what a palaeontologist is and how they explore really old artefacts. Introduce Mary Anning as the first female to find a fossil.
- Materials: Floating / Sinking boat building Metallic / non-metallic objects
- Seasides long ago Magic Grandad
- Share non-fiction texts that offer an insight into contrasting environments.
- Listen to how children communicate their understanding of their own environment and contrasting environments through conversation and in play.

| Which stories | Which people | What places | What times are | Being special: | What is special |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------------|----------------|--|
| are special and | are special and | are special | special and why? | where do we | about our |
| why? | why? | and why? | Holi | belong? | world? |
| Rosh Hashanah Yom Kippur Sukkot | Diwali Hannukah | Epiphany Ash | Palm Sunday Passover | Eid Shavuot | What is special about our world? Summer Solstice |
| All Saints Day | Christmas | Wednesday / Shrove Tuesday | Easter Start of Ramadan | Silavast | Summer Solstice |
| | | Lent St David's Day Shivaratri | | | |
| | | 31111311G | | | |

Developing children's understanding of social skills and the values and codes of behaviour required for people to work together harmoniously.





| | Autumn 1 | Autumn 2 | Spring 1 | Spring 2 | Summer 1 | Summer 2 | | |
|--|--|--|---|---|--|--|--|--|
| General Themes | All About me! | Terrific Tales! | Amazing Animals! | Come Outside! | Ticket to Ride! | Fun at the seaside! | | |
| Understanding the world | them – from visiting parks, libraries and their understanding of our culturally, | d museums to meeting important men socially, technologically and ecological | nbers of society such as police office ally diverse world. As well as buildin and widening children's vocabular | nity . The frequency and range of children's personal experiences increases their knowledge and sense of the world around ficers, nurses and firefighters. In addition, listening to a broad selection of stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems will foster ding important knowledge, this extends their familiarity with words that support understanding across domains. Enriching lary will support later reading comprehension. | | | | |
| Our RE Curriculum Come and See enables children to develop a positive sense of themselves and others and learn how to form positive and respectful relationships. They will begin to understand and value the differences of individuals and groups within their own community. Children will have opportunity to develop their emerging moral and cultural awareness. | Identify themselves in pictures Identifying their family. Commenting on photos of their family: naming who they can see and of what relation they are to them. Can begin to talk about what they do with their family and places they have been with their family. Begin to draw similarities and make comparisons between other families. Name and describe people who are familiar to them. Read fictional stories about families and talk about members of their immediate family and community. Navigating around our classroom and outdoor areas. Create treasure hunts to find places/ objects within our learning environment. Listen out for and make note of children's discussion between themselves regarding their experience of past birthday celebrations. How we have changed from being a baby to growing up to be 2, 3 or 4!. | To introduce children to a range of fictional characters and creatures from stories and to begin to differentiate these characters from real people in their lives | Listening to stories. Compare animals from a jungle to those on a farm. Explore a range of jungle animals. Learn their names and label their body parts. Could include a trip to the zoo. Use images, video clips, shared texts and other resources to bring the wider world into the classroom. Listen to what children say about what they see Listen to children describing and commenting on things they have seen whilst outside, including plants and animals. After close observation, draw pictures of the natural world, including animals and plants | Can children make comments on the weather, culture, clothing, housing. Change in living things – Changes in the leaves, weather, seasons, Explore the world around us and see how it changes as we enter Summer. Provide opportunities for children to note and record the weather. Building a 'Bug Hotel' Draw children's attention to the immediate environment, introducing and modelling new vocabulary where appropriate. Encourage interactions with the outdoors to foster curiosity and give children freedom to touch, smell and hear the natural world around them during hands-on experiences. Look for children incorporating their understanding of the seasons and weather in their play. | Use Handa's Surprise to explore a different country. Introduce transport, how we can get to different places Use bee-bots on simple maps. Encourage the children to use navigational language. Can children talk about their homes and children drawing/painting or constructing their homes. Encourage them to comment on what their home is like. Show photos of the children's homes and encourage them to draw comparisons. Environments – Features of local environment Maps of local area Comparing places on Google Earth – how are they similar/different? Take children to places of worship and places of local importance to the community. | To understand where dinosaurs are now and begin to understand that they were alive a very long time ago. Materials: Floating / Sinking – boat building Metallic / non-metallic objects Seasides long ago – Magic Grandad Listen to how children communicate their understanding of their own environment and contrasting environments through conversation and in play. | | |
| | Special Times | Special Times Diwali Hannukah Christmas | Special Times Epiphany | Special Times Ash Wednesday Palm Sunday Easter Start of Ramadan Mothers day | Special Times Eid Fathers day | Special Times | | |



Expressive Arts and Design





| | Autumn 1 | Autumn 2 | Spring 1 | Spring 2 | Summer 1 | Summer 2 | | | | | |
|--|---|--|---|---|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| General Themes | All About me! | Terrific Tales! | Amazing Animals! | Come Outside! | Ticket to Ride! | Fun at the seaside! | | | | | |
| Expressive | of media and materials . The quality a | The development of children's artistic and cultural awareness supports their imagination and creativity . It is important that children have regular opportunities to engage with the arts , enabling them to explore and play with a wide range of media and materials . The quality and variety of what children see, hear and participate in is crucial for developing their understanding, self-expression, vocabulary and ability to communicate through the arts . The frequency, repetition and depth of their experiences are fundamental to their progress in interpreting and appreciating what they hear, respond to and observe. Give children an insight into new musical worlds. Invite musicians in to play music to children and talk about it. Encourage children to listen attentively to music. Discuss changes and patterns as a piece of music develops. | | | | | | | | | |
| Arts and Design Painting, 3D modelling, messy play, | Join in with songs; beginning to mix colours, join in with role play games and use resources available for props; build | Use different textures and materials to make houses for the three little pigs and bridges for the Three Billy | Rousseau's Tiger / animal prints / Designing homes for hibernating animals. Collage owls / symmetrical | Make different textures; make patterns using different colours Children will explore ways | Design and make rockets. Design and make objects they may need in space, thinking about form and function. | Sand pictures / Rainbow fish collages Lighthouse designs | | | | | |
| collage, cutting, drama, role play, threading, moving to music, clay sculptures, following music patterns with instruments, singing songs linked to topics, making instruments, percussion. Children to produce a piece of art work each half term to be displayed for 'Celebration wall' for school / parents to show how drawings have developed - lots of links to | models using construction equipment. Sing call-and-response songs, so that children can echo phrases of songs you sing. Self-portraits, junk modelling, take picture of children's creations and | Goats Listen to music and make their own dances in response. Castle models Firework pictures, Christmas decorations, | butterflies Children will be encouraged to select the tools and techniques they need to assemble materials that they are using e.g creating animal masks. | to protect the growing of plants by designing scarecrows. Collage-farm animals / Making houses. Pastel drawings, printing, patterns on Easter eggs, Life cycles, Flowers-Sun | Learn a traditional African song and dance and perform it / Encourage children to create their own music. Junk modelling, houses, bridges boats and transport. | Paper plate jellyfish Puppet shows: Provide a wide range of props for play which encourage imagination. Salt dough fossils | | | | | |
| Fine Motor Skills. Children to explain their work to others. Children will have opportunities to learn and perform songs, nursery rhymes and poetry linked to their work / interests and passions. | record them explaining what they did. Julia Donaldson songs Exploring sounds and how they can be changed, tapping out of simple rhythms. Provide opportunities to work together to develop and realise creative ideas. Superhero masks. | Christmas cards, Divas, Christmas songs/poems The use of story maps, props, puppets & story bags will encourage children to retell, invent and adapt stories. Role Play Party's and Celebrations Role Play of The Nativity | Making lanterns, Chinese writing, puppet making, Chinese music and composition Shadow Puppets Teach children different techniques for joining materials, such as how to use adhesive tape and different sorts of glue. | flowers Mother's Day crafts Easter crafts Home Corner role play Artwork themed around Eric Carle / The Seasons — Art Provide a wide range of props for play which | Exploration of other countries – dressing up in different costumes. Retelling familiar stories Creating outer of space pictures Provide children with a range of materials for children to construct with. | Water pictures, collage, shading by adding black or white, colour mixing for beach huts, making passports. Colour mixing — underwater pictures. Father's Day Crafts | | | | | |

At the heart of education is a positive, synergistic relationship between the teacher and the student. This dynamic creates the environment for learning to take place.









Day Crafts



different sorts of glue.



Reception Long Term Plan 25-26

Early Learning Goals – for the end of the year - Holistic / best fit Judgement!

Communication and

Personal, social, Language emotional development





Literacy



Maths Understanding the World

Expressive arts and design

ELG: Listening, Attention and Understanding

Listen attentively and respond to what they hear with relevant questions. comments and actions when being read to and during whole class discussions and small group interactions

Make comments about what they have heard and ask questions to clarify their understanding

Hold conversation when engaged in back-and-forth exchanges with their teacher and peers

ELG: Speaking

Participate in small group, class and oneto-one discussions, offering their own ideas, using recently introduced vocabulary.

Offer explanations for why things might happen, making use of recently introduced vocabulary from stories, nonfiction, rhymes and poems when appropriate.

Express their ideas and feelings about their experiences using full sentences, including use of past, present and future tenses and making use of conjunctions, with modelling and support from their teacher

ELG: Self-Regulation

Show an understanding of their own feelings and those of others, and begin to regulate their behaviour accordingly.

Set and work towards simple goals, being able to wait for what they want and control their immediate impulses when appropriate.

Give focused attention to what the teacher says, responding appropriately even when engaged in activity, and show an ability to follow instructions involving several ideas or actions.

ELG: Managing Self

Be confident to try new activities and show independence, resilience and perseverance in the face of challenge.

Explain the reasons for rules, know right from wrong and try to behave accordingly.

Manage their own basic hygiene and personal needs, including dressing. going to the toilet and understanding the importance of healthy food choices.

ELG: Building Relationships

Work and play cooperatively and take turns with others.

Form positive attachments to adults and friendships with peers;

Show sensitivity to their own and to

ELG: Gross Motor Skills

Negotiate space and obstacles safely, with consideration for themselves and others.

Demonstrate strength. balance and coordination when playing.

Move energetically, such as running, jumping, dancing, hopping, skipping and climbing.

ELG: Fine Motor Skills

Hold a pencil effectively in preparation for fluent writing - using the tripod grip in almost all cases.

Use a range of small tools including scissors, paint brushes and cutlery.

Begin to show accuracy and care when drawing.

ELG: Comprehension

Demonstrate understanding of what has been read to them by retelling stories and narratives using their own words and recently introduced vocabulary.

Anticipate - where appropriate - key events in

Use and understand recently introduced vocabulary during discussions about stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems and during role-play.

ELG: Word Reading

Say a sound for each letter in the alphabet and at least 10 digraphs.

Read words consistent with their phonic knowledge by sound-blending.

Read aloud simple sentences and books that are consistent with their phonic knowledge, including some common exception words.

ELG: Writing

Write recognisable letters, most of which are correctly formed.

Spell words by identifying sounds in them and representing the sounds with a letter or letters.

Write simple phrases and sentences that can be read by others.

ELG: Number

Have a deep understanding of number to 10, including the composition of each number;

Subitise (recognise quantities without counting) up to 5; -Automatically recall (without reference to rhymes, counting or other aids) number bonds up to 5 (including subtraction facts) and some number bonds to 10. including double facts.

ELG: Numerical Patterns

Verbally count beyond 20, recognising the pattern of the counting system: - Compare quantities up to 10 in different contexts, recognising when one quantity is greater than, less than or the same as the other quantity.

Explore and represent patterns within numbers up to 10, including evens and odds, double facts and how quantities can be distributed equally.

ELG: Past and Present

Talk about the lives of the people around them and their roles in society.

Know some similarities and differences between things in the past and now, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class.

Understand the past through settings, characters and events encountered in books read in class and storytelling.

ELG: People. Culture and Communities

Describe their immediate environment using knowledge from observation, discussion, stories, nonfiction texts and maps.

Know some similarities and differences between different religious and cultural communities in this country, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class.

Explain some similarities and differences between life in this country and life in other countries, drawing on knowledge from stories, non-fiction texts and – when appropriate - maps

ELG: The Natural World

Explore the natural world around them, making observations and drawing pictures of animals and plants.

Know some similarities and differences between the natural world around them and contrasting environments, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class.

Understand some important processes and changes in the natural world around them, including the seasons and changing states of matter.

ELG: Creating with Materials

Safely use and explore a variety of materials, tools and techniques, experimenting with colour, design, texture, form and function.

Share their creations, explaining the process they have used: -Make use of props and materials when role playing characters in narratives and stories.

ELG: Being Imaginative and Expressive

Invent, adapt and recount narratives and stories with peers and their teacher.

Sing a range of well-known nursery rhymes and songs; Perform songs, rhymes, poems and stories with others, and when appropriate - try to move in time with music.